Committee Walts on the President, and He Informs Them that Me Has No Fur-ther Communication to Make to the Senate. WASHINGTON, April 15 .- At the opening of the Senate to-day Mr. Harris (Dem., Tenn.) inquired of Mr. Hoar whether he would withdraw his motion to reconsider the vote by which some days ago a resolution was agreed to for the appointment of a committee to wait upon the President and inquire whether he has any further communication to make to

the Senate. Mr. Hoar said that he had no objection to having the matter dealt with at the discretion of the other side of the chamber.

Mr. Harris then gave notice that he would call up the resolution as soon as Mr. Platt, who had the floor on the Roach question. should have finished his remarks.

Mr. Hatt related the facts in Mr. Roach's ease, and argued against the views presented yesterday by Messrs, George (Dem., Miss.) and Voorhees Dem., Ind.). He conceived that the duty of the Senate was plain. Could it be, he asked, that if a convicted criminal, just discharged from a penitentiary, were elected Senator by a State the Senate had not the power to reject him or to expel him? Could Aaron Burr have come here and said. "I am 30 years of age. I have been a citizen of the state of New York for nine years," and would the Senate have been powerless to have made any other inquiry into his qualifihave made any other Inquiry into his qualifications? Would not the great notorious fact even though he had escaped the clutches of the law—that he had been engaged in a treasonable conspiracy against the United States have been a fact which the Senate could have onsidered? If Aaron Burr had presented himself here with the credentials of a sovereign State. I think that the Senate would have elsewered that it had power to inquire into some other than the constitutional qualifications of a man seeking a seat in this body.

After Mr. Flatt had resumed his seat Mr. Hoar Rep., Mass.) withdraw his motion to recensider the vote for the appointment of a committee to wait upon the President and inform him that the Senate is ready to adjourn. He did so on the condition (which was nasented to on the Democratic side) that before the final adjournment of the Senate a vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, either on Mr. Gorman's substitute for the pending resolution to lay the resolution and substitute on the table. Measrs, Harris (Dem., Tenn.) and Sherman (Rep., Ohio) were thereupon appointed the committee to wait upon the President.

The debate on the Roach resolution was then resumed. Mr. Mills (Dem., Texas) making an argument against the right of the Senate to investigate, and Mr. Hawley (Rep., Conn.) arguing the support of that right and in favor of the proposed investigation.

When Mr. Hawley had taken his seat Mr. Ledge (Rep., Mass.) offered the following resolution:

Reserted That the Secretary of State be directed to incern the Session by whose authority the American day. Would not the great notorious fact

iulion:

Reserved. That the Secretary of State be directed to inform the Secare by whose authority the American day
was hauled down from the Government building at
Honousu on April).

Mr. Gorman (Dem., Md.)—Let that resolution go over till Monday.

The resolution went over, with an amendment offered by Mr. Butler (Dem., S. C., to add the words, "and also by whose authority the same was hoisted on said building."

Mesars. Harris and Sherman, who had been appointed a committee to wait upon the President, reported that they had performed that duty and had been informed by the President that he had no further communication for the sente at its present session.

that he had no further communication for the senate at its present session.

Mr. Hansbrough (Hep., N. Dak.) rose to a question of personal privilege, and began by expressing the hope that the Senat-would not adjours without giving his colleague (Mr. Boach the opportunity asked by him yesterday to clear himself from the charges against him, and he asked unanimous consent to have a vote taken on the resolution.

Observious was made, by several Democratic ection was made by several Democratic

Objection was made by several Democratic Senators.

At the suggestion of Mr. Manderson (Ren., Sch.), the recent decisions of Judges Speer, licks, and Taft as to the rights and duties of raircad amployees were ordered to be printed as a document for the use of the Senate.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

At 550 the doors were reopened and a resolution was offered by Mr. Manderson and agreed to, tendering the thanks of the Senate to the Vice-President for the impartiality and conresy with which he has presided over the Senate during the present extraordinary session.

A resolution instructing the Committee on Contingent Expenses to fix the amounts to be allowed for the several committee investiga-tions was agreed to, as were also the various reading resolutions authorizing such investi-gations.

gations.
Amotion to adjourn sine die was then made by Mr. Hill them., N. Y.), and was agreed to without a division. The Vice-President said before announcing the result of the vote just

taken:
"I beg to express my earnest appreciation of the uniform courtesy shown me by the members and officers of this body during the session now closing. For the resolution, personal to myself, so kindly adopted by the Senate I am profoundly grateful. In accordance with the vote just taken, I now declare this extraordinary session of the Senate adjourned without day."

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

Office Seekers Making a Farewell Visit to

Washington, April 15.-There was another large crowd of callers at the White House today, including many Senators and Representatives, who said that they came to say goodby to the President and make a farewell appeal for their constituents. Representative Wise of Virginia was about the only Congressional caller who succeeded in carrying away a prize. He was accompanied by his brother who resides in California, whom the President subsequently nominated for Collector of the Port of California.

Senator l'almer of Illinois made his daily visit, accompanied by several constituents. but he failed to get any assurance that his requests would be granted. Some of Senator l'almer's friends are disposed to blame him for being too persistent in his appeals to the President, for although he has been a constant visitor at the White House during the past five weeks he has not obtained a single appointment that can be classed under the head of individual," Individual."
There was much rejoicing among the West fruinlans over the appointment of Joseph il let of that State to be Commissioner of In-ernal Revenue. Senator Faulkner and Rep-esentative Wilson have labored hard and resentative Wilson have labored hard and earnestly against what was supposed to be heavy edds, to secure the appointment of Mr. Miller, and they feel that their services were

not in vain.

The thic Congressmen, including Senator
Brice and Representatives Tom Johnson and
Barter, were confident up to within a few days
ago that Mr. J. Q. Smith of Ohio, would be the
commissioner of Internal Revenue, consemissioner of Internal nevenue. Concertly the Ohlo men are somewhat downcast

Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., expects to return to New York to-morrow. He will probably stop ever in New York for a day or two. During his stay in Washington Senator Mur-phy has established a strong friendship among his associates in the senate, and he is already regarded as one of the most popular of the new Senators. The life of a senator is conge-nial to blim, and when he returns here next tall he will probably take possession of a fine residence, for which he has already com-menced negotiations.

Commissioner McDonald of the United States Fish Commission will leave Washington for Chicago to-night, and will remain ton for Chicago to-night, and will remain there until the orening of the World's Fair. He reports that the apprehension regarding the success of the fish exhibit was for a time well founded, being due chiefly to the refusal of the massiant director of the schibit to carry out the instructions of the Commissioner. During his last visit to Chicago he found matters in a bad shape, but, after dismissing the assistant director and pursuing a new line of work, the exhibit and arrangements made for subsequent installations have proved highly satisfactory, and he entertains no doubt of its being one of the most attractive features of the Exhibit a. His object in remaining in Chicago suith the opening of the Fair is to personally superintend the transportation of the fish which have been or will be shipped from all parts of the country.

A new policy in the dealings of the general Government with its Indian wards is one of the reforms President Cleveland intends to inthe reforms President Cleveland intends to inaugurate, according to a Congressman interested in Indian affairs, who saw the President's
perpese to divorce the Indian Bureau from
joining, it is said to be the President's
purpose to divorce the Indian Bureau from
joining and it was in line with this intention
that he appointed the Commissioner and the
Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs. In
the case of Assistant Commissioner Armetrong, he solected him because of his intimate
knowledge of Indian matters, and not because
of his Durectary. The authorization of Congress to the President for the selection of
army officers as Indian agents whenever he
may see fit to so detail them, in place of

civilians, which Mr. Harrison carried out to some extent, will be more fully exercised by Mr. Cleveland, and, judging from what he said, it is probable that he will detail officers of the army for duty as agents at every Indian agency in the country. Mr. Cleveland has given much attention to the management of Indian affairs, and believes that the office was not managed by Commissioner Morgan with that degree of unbiased political and religious feeling which should pertain to its administration. He therefore proposes to introduce a number of reforms, and Congress will hear from him on the subject at its next session.

Since the present Administration came into power the total number of removals in the Department of Agriculture for all causes, in-Department of Agriculture for all causes, in-cluding all resignations, whether voluntary or called for, have amounted to 133, while during the same time the total number of appoint-ments have been 63. Secretary Morton re-gards these figures as an all-sufficient answer to the statement recently made that the new appointments were equal to or in excess of the

Col. Carlin has notified the War Department that the resignation of Lieut. Brumback, the alleged insane army officer who disappeared alleged insane army officer who disappeared from this city some time ago, and who was finally located in the wilds of Idaho, son its way to the Department. Lieut Brumback has tendered his resignation several times before, but it was not accepted, owing to his mental condition. Since his disappearance he has shown himself shrewd and able to care for himself, and it is understood that his resignation will be accepted when it reaches Washington.

Yesterday's enforced rest on the part of office seekers and their official sponsors brought them out in full array at the State Debrought them out in full array at the State Department to-day. The corridors were full all the morning of seekers after place, and the rooms of Secretary Gresham and First Assistant Secretary Quincy at times did not afford seating accommodations for as many as found their way within doors. Mr. Henry Watterson of the Louisville Courier-Journal, en route home from Norfolk with a party of friends, carled to pay their respects, and were warmly welcomed. They reached the department just in time to witness the administration of the oath of office to Mr. James A. McKenzie of Kentucky, the newly appointed Minister to Peru.

Mrs. Cleveland will go over to New York in a special car to attend the naval review, ata special car to attend the naval review, at-tended by the ladies of the Cabinet, with the exception of Miss Herbet, who expects to ac-company her father on the Dolphin. Several ladies outside the Cabinet, Mrs. Schofield among the number, will be with Mrs. Cleve-land.

Among the arrivals here to-night from Nev York was Mr. George Bleistein of the Buffalo York was Mr. George Bleistein of the Buffalo Courier, who is alleged to have had an interview with Mr. William C. Whitney at Jekyl Island, as a peace commissioner from President Cleveland. Mr. Bielstein authorizes an emphatic denial of the story printed in the Commercial Admertiser, and declares that while he met Mr. Whitney at Jekyl Island, it was purely a chance meeting, and the subject of polities was not even mentioned. While in Washington Mr. Bielstein will call upon the President, but he insists that his visit has no bearing whatever on the alleged interview with Mr. Whitney.

The Senate held its last executive session this afternoon, and every nomination made by the President up to date was confirmed, with the single exception of Hewson E. Lannon to be United States Marshal for Delaware, which was sent in to-day. Under the rule, a single objection was sufficient to carry the nomination over for a day, and Senator Higgins of Delaware made that objection and persisted in it. Senator Gray sought to have it withdrawn, but Mr. Higgins was obdurate and exercised the privilege that belonged to him. Consequently the nomination remained unacted upon, it being understood that the President would reappoint Lannon in the recess.

The Senate by inaction failed to make public the text of the treaty recently negotiated with Russia, and that convention, along with the text of the treaty recently negotiated with Russia, and that convention, along with the receive with France, remains among the secret archives of the State Department and the executive clerk of the Senate. the President up to date was confirmed, with

OFFICIAL ELEVATOR ETIQUEITE. An Interesting Discussion at the Federal

WASHINGTON, April 13,-" Is a public building a private snap?" was a question up for discussion among a lot of Congressmen, office seekers, newspaper men, and others last night. It grew out of a complaint made by a gentleman of prominence in his own State. who for the present is in Washington on the prevalent business incidental to this particuar period of an Administration.

"By thunder," he said, "I want to know if

an American citizen has any rights in Washington unless he remains outside in the free air of heaven ?" "As to how?" queried a Washington cor-

respondent. "This way," said he, "that's how: To-day

I had business at the Post Office Department and I went there. After I had transacted it I departed, via the elevator. I had to go down two floors. At the first one two gentlemen were waiting. The elevator man opened the door and the two came in. Up went the ele-vator, and, before I had time to think, I was at the place of beginning, and the two passen-

"What's that for?" said I to the man.
"That's the Postmaster-General," said he.

"That's the Fostmaster-General." said he.

"Does he own the elevator?" said I.

"I guess not." said he. "but the rule is that
the F. M. G. has the right of way."

"Deuce take the rule." said I. "In an elevator
in a public building all are free and equal."

"May be so, where you live." said he. "not
in a Government building in Washington."

"Is there any law for it?" said I.

"There's custom." said he.

"Which is more honored in the breach than
the observance." said L.

"Don't know about that," said he. "All I
know is when the P. M. G. wants to go up it
doesn't make a d— bit of difference who
wants to go down, or how many, the P. M. G.
goes up, and that's what I'm here for."

"I noticed." said I. "that his Highness
walked in with the air of a man who was to be
obeyed, and quite regardless of what rights
those aiready in the elevator thought they
had. Was he born that way, or is it an acquired habit."

"Don't know about that," said he. "He's
only been here a few weeks."

walked in with the air of a man who was to be obeyed, and quite regardless of what rights those aiready in the elevator shought they had. Was he born that way, or is it an acquired habit."

"Don't know about that," said he. "He's only been here a few weeks."

"What's his name? said I.

"Mr. Bissell," said he. said ne.

"Where's Buffaio?" said I.

"In Now York State," said he.

"Then I'll not be brash," said I. "but will write to Buffaio and find out what the etiquette of elevators is in that town. Did you say it was in New York State."

"Yes, sir," said he, and then I walked out as if I owned an elevator myself at home.

"Now," resumed the gentieman, "having given you my experience in the P. O. D. elevator, what do you are not on to our style in Washington. That rule prevails in all the Government buildings here. Sometimes in the pursuit of my business I jolly along betwen floors for no or ifteen minutes trying to reach my destination. Once in the State Department I started from the top floor to the basement; one floor down the Necretary was waiting, and I went back again; down once more and a Second Assistant Secretary headed us off and I went back again; down once more and a Second Assistant stood by, and up i went again. Three more times I tried it, and some official or other headed me off each time, and I wouldn't have been out of there yet if it hadn't come around to the Secretary headed us off and I went back again; down once more sonators who claim ownership of the readbed and rolling stock. In fact it's so bad there that unless I want to rest a bit I never thisk of taking the elevator. I've seen as many as a half dozen people at a time fired up and down that elevator shaft, just because a Second Case, put in an office seeker. "you are elected by the people, and you respect them. I'llight you are goven the same way and the storth was taken out of department offices. The fluoreship of the readbed and rolling stock. In fact it's so bad there that unless I want to rest a bit I never thisk of taking the elev

With nerves unstrume and heads that ache.

HER FUNERAL STOPPED. SUMPICIONS REGARDING THE DEATH OF DR. SWEENEY'S WIDOW.

She Inherited His Money and Six Months Ago She Married Again-An Autopsy Falls as Net to Confirm the Suspicions. In the mail matter which Coroner Creamer of Brooklyn received yesterday morning was

this anonymous letter:

FRIDAY, April 14, 1898.

My DEAR DOCTOR: As an old friend I call your atten tion to the enclosed: [Then followed this death notice.] PHILIPP,-Catherine, wife of F. J. Philipp and widow of Dr. James Sweeney, Wennesday, April 12. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Saturday morning, April 15, at 9:80. from her late residence, 78 Devoe at.; thence to

Church of Annunciation, North Fifth and Have meyer sts.

Now, if you will only stop the burying, and you wil have to be quick about it, as it takes place this morn-ling, you will find that the unfortunate woman died of poisoning. I sak you to do this in the interest of

Ask the dead woman's sister what she knows about

sician in Williamsburgh, died about fourteen months ago at 192 North Sixth street. He was a member of the Brooklyn Board of Education at the time. After his death it came to light that he had a wife and daughter living in or near Albany. He was married to his first wife about twenty-five years ago, while he was a student, and left her soon afterward, coming o Brooklyn to live. About two years ago he obtained a divorce from her, and then he mar-ried Catherine McHenry. When Dr. Sweeney dled his first wife contested his will in the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn. Surrogate Abbott decided against her, and all of the property went to the second wife, according to the provisions of the will.

It is said that while the will contest was

going on Mrs. Sweeney, the second wife, married F. J. Philipp, a musician in the Amphion Theatre orchestra in Williamsburgh, and went to housekeeping at 78 Devoe street. On Wednesday morning last Mrs. Sweeney died after a brief illness. Her two sisters, Mrs. Margaret O'Hara of 139 Eim street, Jorsey City, and Mrs. Smith of 39 East Forty-nints street, this city, were notified, and for the first time learned that the dead woman was married to Philipp. Dr. Edward Grether of 184 Meserole street and Dr. Jacob Fuhs of 286 Jefferson arenue, who attended Mrs. Philipp, gave the cause of death as hysteria and forwarded a certificate to that effect to the Board of Health. Mrs. O'Hara was not satisfied with the cause of death, and made inquiries among neighbors fegarding her sister's illness. She also asked the advice of the police, but they referred her to the Coroner. When Coroner Creamer received the letter yesterday he communicated with the Health Dejartment and learned the cause of death assigned by the physicians. On orders from the Coroner a policeman attached to the health office went to the Philipp house and stopped the funeral. The house was crowded with mourners, who were on the point of leaving for the Church of the Annunciation, at North Fifth and Havemeyer streets, where a requiem mass was to be celebrated by Fathers Kaupert and Ernst. The rower many people in church. Dr. Frank J. Freel, autopsy physician to the Coroner, and Dr. Clayland of St. Catharine's Hospital, went to the house and made an autopsy. They were unable to ascertain the exact cause of death, and they took from the body, for a chemical analysis, some of this organs. A certificate giving the probable cause of death as asthenia idobility was given, and the body was replaced in the coffin and the funeral allowed to take place. The body was taken at once to Calvary Cemetery and burled.

Mr. Philipp said yesterday that he married Mrs. Sweeney on Oct. 23 last and that they went to housekeeping at once in the Devoe street house.

"My wife and I were devoted to each other," said he, "and when she was taken ill I had the went to housekeeping at 78 Devoe street. On Wednesday morning last Mrs. Sweeney died

went to housekeeping at once in the Devoe street house.

"My wife and I were devoted to each other," said he, "and when she was taken ill I had the best medical treatment for her. She was in a delicate condition. I did not think it necessary to send for her sister, because nobody thought she was going to die. She took a bud turn on Wednesday morning, and I sent for a priest. She received the last rites of the church and died soon afterward. I and a friend of my wife's Miss Coriey, were present when she died. There was nothing suspicious about her death.

Mrs. O'Hara and her sister are firm in their belief that Mrs. Philipp did not die a natural death. Mrs. O'Hara said she was astonished when she heard of her sister's death, and still more astonished when she learned that her sister for nearly six months had been the wife of Philipp.

John W. Riddle of Minnesota, to be Secretary of the Legation of the United States to Turkey. Mr. Riddle is a nephew of Judge Flandreau, one of the pioneers of the Northwest, and a Democrat of the old school. He has and a Democrat of the old school. He has spent much of his time abroad, and speaks half a dozen lauguages fluently. He was an applicant for Secretary of the Legation to Russia, and hoped to spend the next four years in St. Petershurg.

He was DE. Lanuan of Delawars, to be Marshal of the United States for the district of Delawars.

Hewson E. Lannan of Delawars, to be Marshai of the United States for the district of Delaware.

John H. Wise of California, to be Collector of Customs for the district of San Francisco, Mr. Wise is the brother of Congressman George D. Wise of Virginia. He is the nephew of Gov. Henry A. Wise and a son of Tully A. Wise, who was Trier's First Auditor of the Treasury. He was graduated at the Indiana State University in 1850, and went to California in 1853, where he has held various offices. He has been a prominent advocate of free wool. Assistant Surgeons James C. Perry of North Carolina and Alexander C. Smith of New York, to be passed assistant surgeons in the Marine Hospital service of the United States.

William L. Kee of West Virginia, to be principal clerk on private land claims in the General Land Office. Mr. Kee is 40 years of age, and a practising lawyer in Handolph county, lie has been a member of the State Legislature for two terms, and was endorsed by both Senators and the entire delegation from West Virginia.

THE EXPERIMENTAL TANK.

A Device Recommended for Determining Certain Problems in Naval Construction. Washington, April 14.-Connected with the ubject of the speed trials of ships is that of the experimental tank which Chief Constructor Wilson has recommended in his reports for two years in succession. The British Admiralty have two such tanks, one at Torquay and the other, much improved, at Portamouth The object of the contrivance is for use in determining the resistance of the water to ships by means of models. Its value would be specially great in preparing the plans for nevel types of vessels, especially where high speed is demanded. A well-known Scotch shipbuilder, William Denny, in a letter writ-ten half a dozen years ago, quoted in one of Chief Constructor Wilson's reports, thus ex-pressed himself about the matter:

preased himself about the matter:
The truth is that of all the problems about a steamship, the only one at the present inconvul incapable of
being solved by a priori methods in extreme cases, is
that of the speed and power. No solity and no training will enable even the most aktiful naval architect to
overcome the want of an experimental tank in rophing
with these questions. My pertuers are so firmly convinced of the value of the tank that every one of them
regards the large amount of money sink in it in the
form of a capital, and the large amount still to be sunk
in it as one of our best investments, and have met
without trudging the annual outlay required for its administration.

Chief Constructor Wilson has also pointed

Chief Constructor Wilson has also pointed the tank in obtaining more Chief Constructor Wilson has also pointed out the value of the tank in obtaining more accurate efficiencies of engines and propeliers, and in checking and explaining discrepancies in trials which would otherwise remain obscure. The use of such a tank need not be coalined to the navy, but could be thrown open to all American shipbuilders and others designated by the Navy Department, on condition of their defraying the coat of their experiments. The estimated expense of the tank complete, including the building and all apparatus, is \$85,000.

In his last report Chief Constructor Wilson said that all the leading naval powers now either possess such tanks or have taken the preliminary steps toward their construction. Certainly if a shrewd and successful Scotch firm of shipbuilders finds it of value to make an annual outlay for continuing experimental tank work, it would seem to promise like utility for a Government, with its ships of various types, constructed in different yards. 1,183 DEATHS.

COLDS, GRIP, AND PNEUMONIA An Epidemic Is Sweeping the City-Doctors and Un-

dertakers Busy. We hear persons complain that they have cold—the next day we read of their deaths. This dread disease acts quickly and always starts with a cold. "Cure the cold and you prevent pneumonia," said an eminent physi-"In fact," he continued, "nine-tenths of all diseases originate from colds." Therefore the most important complaint, and one prompt attention, is a cold. Manyon's cold cure is guaranteed to break any form of a cold

in a few hours and will positively prevent pneumonia.

Munyon's Cough Cure positively cures bronchitis, tickling in the throat, hourseness, loss of voice, soreness of the cheat, difficulty in breathing, hacking cough, and all pulmonary diseases where the lungs are not too far diseased or covered with tubercles.

Ask your druggist for a twenty-five cent hottle of this remedy, and if you are not satisfied with the effect, your money will be refunded.

The Munyon Homeopathic Home lienedy Company employ a number of eminent physicians to make examinations and give advice absolutely free, and they have, without doubt, the largest and best equipped medical institution in the world.

This company puts up a specific for nearly every disease, and their romedies are sold by druggists, mostly for 25 cents a bottle.

Nervous diseases promptly cured.

Rheumatism cured in a few days.
Sleeplessness corrected. Sleep secured.

Weak and generally debilitated people strengthened and lost powers restored.

Ridney Complaints, Dyspepsia. Constipation.
Piles. Neuralgia. Asthma. and all Female Complaints quickly relieved.

No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to help you, a visit to these eminent specialists will cost you nothing, and may save your life.

Open all day and evening. Sundays from 3 to 5 P. M. Tenst 14th st., New York. in a few hours and will positively prevent

MUNYON'S HOME REMEDIES

For Sale By Druggists.

CRUMBS FOR DEMOCRATS.

Mr. Sheehan's Friends Tulk of the Results of His Vistt to the President,

Lieut.-Gov. Sheehan returned from Wash-Buffalo last evening. At the Hoffman House he met many Democrats. All wanted to know the result of the conference Mr. Sheehan and Senator Murphy had with President Cleveland on Friday evening. While the Lieutenant-Governor was exceedingly reticent with the newspaper reporters concerning the event, it was necessary for him to relate the results of the conference to some of the Democrats who visited him. To the newspaper reporters Mr. Sheehan said that he and Mr. Murphy had had a satisfactory talk with the President. It was ascertained from friends of Mr. Shee

han to whom he recounted the story of the visit that Senator Murphy made one of the party as Chairman of the Democratic State

went to house.

"My wife and I were devoted to each other." said he," and when she was taken ill I had the best medical treatment for her. She was in a delicate condition. I did not think it necessary to send for her sister. Because nobody thought she was going to die. She took a bud trur on Wednesday mornies, and I sent for the state of New York. They therefore a think in a sent to the sent of the

and the regular Democrats were to stand out in the wet.

It was asserted that many misunderstandings, the result of the talk of the anti-snappers, were straightened out at the interview between the President and Mr. Murphy and Mr. Sheehan. The information that Mr. Murphy and Mr. Sheehan will shortly begin filing applications in the various departments at Washington was accepted last night to mean that President Cleveland came to an understanding with Mr. Murphy and Mr. Sheehan concerning the claims of the regular Democracy. Mr. Murphy and Mr. Sheehan will handle only applications of candidates above the Bronx. Mr. Croker received word that the President had spoken very highly of him and altogether the information was to the effect that the regulars from Gowanus to Lake Eris are to have a show.

Concerning the great bederal places in New York and Kings everything is still in doubt. It was the opinion, though, of Democrata with whom Mr. Sheehan talked that most of these places would go to the anti-snappers, or, at least, that no regular out-and-out machine men would get them. The regulars in other wards will have a share of the crumbs. Mr. Cleveland, it was significantly said, does not proposa to have the New York State regulars an appear as martyrs in the eyes of Democrats in other States.

DEATH FROM SKYLARKING.

The Victim's Wife Becomes Insane and Pour Children Have No Support,

HOLYOKE, Mass., April 15.-On Tuesday last John Cola playfully threw a broom at Peter Knox, a fell w workman. Knox broke the Knox, a fell w workman. Knox broke the broomstick in two and flung the portion with the broom attached at tola. The lagged end of the handle struck tola with such force under the rites as to penetrate the abdominal cavity and make a wound from which Coladied to-day. Knox will be arraigned for manisughter on Tuesday.

Cola's wife was yesterday committed to the Northampton insane asylum, and four children, the youngest a babe, are practically orphans. The assailant has a young wife, and the shock has prostrated her. Knox is also broken down.

Fourth Class Postmasters Appointed, Washington, April 15. The total number of fourth class Postmasters appointed to-day was 163. Of this number 15 were to illl vacan was 163. Of this number 15 were to illl vacan-cies caused by resignations and deaths, and 68 by removals. Of the 48 l'ostma-ters re-moved 50 had served four years or more. Among the appointments are the following: Connecticut—6. R. Carke, at Editot; Newton Phil-lips at Killingsy; G. T. Baroine, at South Windham; A. M. Carpener, at Westfed Maine—4. A. Moore, at Ansin; E. A. Poole, at Booth-bay Harber; C. D. Smail, at therryfield, and H. O. Blake, at East Bethel.

STOP TAKING QUACK NOSTRUMS, TONICS, PILLS, OR QUININE! AN HONEST CURE FOR DISEASE IS THE NEW DRUG, QUICKINE.

is endorsed by 3,000 physicians as the "ideal remedy" for LA GRIPPE, MALARIA, and DYS. PEPSIA. They say "every physician in the civilized world will be glad to use it." and "it must come into general use in every household." especially for its quick urative power in DINEANES of CHILDREN and the AILMENTS of WOMEN, QUICK-INE cures SORE THROAT by simply garging. A dose or two cures headache. Where germ conditions are the cause of the disease, QUICKINE incures

SPENDARD CHEMICAL COMPANY, Manufacturers, 90 Broadway.

The state of the s

ABSENT FROM THE MARRIAGE OF HIS

The Ceremony Took Pince in the Brooklyn Tabermacle, Around the Corner from the General's Rome—The Bride Not Con-grainiated by the Bridegroom's Family,

A belated wedding notice in a Brooklyn paper announced the marriage of Clarence Rice Slocum to Miss Anna Louise Boyle in the Brooklyn Tabernacie on Thursday, April 6, Had the identity of the bridegroom been known at the time of the marriage the incident would have been made public without the necessity of the usual notice, for he is the second son of Gen. Henry W. Slocum. Young Mr. Slocum was the only member of

his family present at the ceremony, and he does not seem to have been attended by any

relative or friend. The wedding party was otherwise restricted, for the bride's only attendants were her mother and sister. There was no lack of witnesses, however, for the ceremony took place in the big auditorium, in front of a large congregation assembled that evening to participate in a revival service. When the Rev. Dr. Talmage had ascended the platform Mr. Slocum arose from a pew near the front, where he had been sitting with the three ladies, advanced to the platform and whispered a few words to the pastor, who smiled and nodded to him. Mr. Slocum then returned to the pew and escorted the three ladies to the front of the platform.

Sleeum then returned to the pew and escorted the three ladies to the front of the platform, taking his place on the right of the platform, taking his place on the right of the youngest, whom one of the witnesses describes as "a very pretty brunette."

It was only when the party had grouped themselves in front of the platform that the congregation discovered that a wedding was in progress. When the marriage had been performed Dr. Talmage and the bridegroom interchanged a lew words of conversation, and it was noticed that a look of surprise passed over the pastor's face. The spectators all turned looks of admiration on the handsome brideas the couple walked up the aisle to the door of the church.

Gen. Sloeum's house, at 465 Clinton avenue, is only a stone's throw from the church, and it is said that the bridegroom escorted his bride there directly from the church, only delaying a moment to put his mother-in-law and the bride's sister in a car. It is further related that the young man did not receive a welcome greeting from his father or the other members of his family and that there were no congratulations. At all events, the happy young couple cut their visit very short. In less than ten minutes they were on their way to the place selected for the honoymoon, which is said to be semewhere in New Jersey. Nothing could be learned yesterday about the family of the bride or of the courtahip, but friends of Mr. Sloeum said that she was not only very pretty, but highly accomplished and that her family was highly respectable.

Dr. Talmage had this to say about the matter: "I married Mr. Sloeum and Miss Boyle in the presence of the congregation and officers of the church, but I did not know before the coremony who the young man was. He said he was 21 years old. She was accompanied by her mother and sister, and they seemed very pleasant, respectable people. After the ceremony I should have said: Why is not your father present? There was nothing improper about the marriage, both parties being of age, and the young woman w little about it. The bride was a resident of this city."

It is said that Gen. Slocum and Mrs. Slocum are inclined to find considerable fault with Dr. Talimage for performing the ceremony so hastily and without learning something about the young couple. Mr. Slocum, the bridegroom, is a clerk in the office of Coombs, Crosby & Eddy, importers, at 78 South street, and Congressman Coombs is a warm personal friend of Gen. Slocum's. Young Mr. Slocum was at the office yesterday, but he left early, and it was said he had gone to New Jersey.

Solar Dr. Talimage has not filed a certificate of the marriage with the Health authorities, and last night Mrs. Talimage explained that Dr. Talimage had given her the papers, but that she had somehow mislad them. It is said that the bride is the daughter of a widow who formerly lived a few blocks from the Slocum house, but that since the marriage she has moved into a flat in Vanderbilt avenue.

Gen. Slocum was to have reviewed the cadet Gen. Slocum was to have reviewed the cadet corps of the Twenty-third Regiment last night, but he sent word that he felt sick and could not leave home. Gen. Meserole took his place.

Gov. Liewelling Whitewashes an Officehole

Torena, April 15.-W. H. McBride, State In surance Commissioner, tendered his resignation to-day and Gov. Llewelling appointed J H. Snyder of Kingman county to succeed him. H. Snyder of Kingman county to succeed him. The change will be made on May I. Serious charges were made against Meliride by the Populists. A full investigation showed nothing to sustain the charges, but it was generally believed that the Governor would remove McBride. On Monday, however, he completely exonerated McBride. It was rumored then that the decision was the result of an agreement by which McBride was to be acquitted in consideration of his immediate resignation. resignation.

A Chief of Police Shot by Tramps, Wang Mass, April 15 -- Chief of Police Man rice?Fitzgerald was shot at three times by tramps at noon to-day, while attempting to as rest them. One bullet lodged in his head, and rest them. One bullet lodged in his head, and physicians have thus far failed ito locate it. The tramps fled to the woods, but are being hotly pursued by fifteen special policemen. The Chief had been called to eject the tramps from a larn, where they had spent the night in the hav loft. When the first tramp came down the ladder he was handed over to a farm hand. As the Chief turned to take the other two men one of them drew a revolver and fired, the bullet entering the Chief's head back of the right car, the weapon being held so of the right ear, the weapon being held second particles to him that his head was burned by the powder. The farm hand was driven from the barn, and the three tramps fell to pounding and kicking Chief Fitzgerald, finally rendering him unconscious.

Carter Harrison to Be lunugurated Withou Fuss or Feathers.

CHICAGO, April 15.-Carter H. Harrison will be inaugurated Mayor of Chicago, in the presence of the City Council, on Monday night. With him will be inducted into office L. J. With him will be inducted into office L. J. Bransfleld, City Treasurer: George A. Trude, City Attorney, and Charles Gastfleld. City Cierk, and the thirty-five ndwly elected Alformen. No special preparations will be made for the inauguration ceromones. Mayor Washbarne sent to Mayor-elect Harrison today to inquire his wishes as to the arrangements for Monday night. Wr. Harrison replied that he wished no fusa or feathers—just a piain, business proceeding. There will be no tickets of admittance, and the only limit be placed on the attendance will be the capacity of the chamber.

A Druggist Assassinated in His Store, INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 15.-C. F. Eyster, druggist, was shot by an unknown colored man at about 10 o'clock last night and died this afternoon. Detectives have arrested two this afternoon. Defectives have arrested two men named McAfes and Parker. The men were taken to Eyster's home, but the man was dead before they arrived. The men deny having had anything to do with the shooting.

While Mr. Eyster and his wife were in the store last night, two young colored men entered and asked for a pack of cards. They paid for them and then went out, but returned in a tew minutes and requested the druggist to exchange the cards for eigarettes. While the druggist's back was turned one of the men exclaimed. "You are an angel, or should be one," and fired. The ball took effect in Mr. Eyster's stomach.

Chleago's Grain Fleet Starts Up.

CHICAGO, April 15 .- Last night the first grain laden steamer of the season cleared from this port for the Fast, and before 12 o'clock the greatest grain fleet that ever left Chicago at the opening of navigation will be well under way. This is at a date that is almost unpre-cedentedly early for the opening of the sea-son. The fleet carries all told 11,000,000 bushels of grain.

BETHESDA

VICE-PRESIDENT OF SPEAKING OF AMERICA'S PAVORITE "Bethesda certainly possesses medicinal properties of rare value," Sold by Druggists and Grocers, and all the stores of Acker, Mercall & Condit and Park & Eliford

GEN. SLOCUM NOT THERE NO ROOM FOR DOUBT

THIS PROPOSITION EXCELS ANY THAT HAS EVER BEEN MADE.

A Solid Guarantee That If You Ara Not Cured Days of the Rate of \$3 for All Diseases.

You, perhaps, are suffering from some chronic disease.

You want it cured. You may have taken patent medicines and have confirmed your first opinion that no patent medicine in the world can cure a deep-seated disease—that only the careful and constant attention of a physician can bring about the

Perhaps you are skentical even of this and suspect that physicians will simply take all your spare money and leave you in as miser able a condition as they found you. You are very likely right.

But: There is no getting away from this proposi-

If you have been impressed by the flood of testimonials presented by Drs. Copeland and

testimonials presented by Drs. Copeland and Gardner:

If you have seen that these physicians publish cures from week to week in cases identical with yours:

If you have felt that you would like to take treatment of Drs. Copeland and Gardner, providing you were surethey could cure you:

Then you neel no longer wait upon the order of going to them.

For:

Drs. Copeland and Gardner will guarantee to cure you or to refund every cent you pay them. This position has been assumed by them after a careful figuring of the results achieved in their practice. To every old, as well as new, putient who applies for treatment during April they will guarantee a cure, the fee to be \$3 a month to all patients and for all diseases during treatment.

This is a bonn fide offer: it comes from a firm with gilt-edged credit and whose word is as good as a Government head.

Now, if you know a good thing when you see it, read to-day's testimonials, read this offer again, and govern yourself accordingly.

LEND US YOUR EARS.

Have you lost your hearing? Do you know what it is to atrain every fac-ultr in the endeavor to catch sounds you wish

Do you know what it is to be shaken by the shoulder and to have some one shout into your ears a repetition of something that has been said to you which you were unconscious of? Do you know what it is to have all sounds

subdued to a quiet murmur, like the far-off wave-breaking in a sea shell, to have a pall of silence falling over the clamor of the wave-breaking in a sea sech. to have a pall of silence falling over the clamor of the world?

Then read the following statement of Mr. William Thornier, 253 Van Brunt st. Brooklyn, engaged with his brother in the market at the corner of Van Brunt and Verona sts. Mr. Thornier was so denf he had to be shiken when spoken to; he had to ascertain what was said to him by watching the movement of the lips; he was almost stone deaf. Now he can hear acutely every sound. He can hear acutely every sound. He can hear the ticking of a watch two feet away.

"Yes, sir." he said. "I was terribly deaf for five rears; couldn't hear at all unless you shouted at me; customers had to touch me on the shoulder to let me know they were talking to me; I thought I should have to give up business.

"I saw the Copeland advertisements and thought I would try the treatment. I did so, Now you see the result. I can hear as well as I ever did in my life—in fact, I think better. My hearing is as keen as an Indian's, My friends, my relatives, my customers, can all testify to this. I was nearly stone deaf. Now I can hear anything. It's the most wonderful piece of medical work I ever heard of. Tell people to come and see me if they think this statement is exaggerated. I would not exchange my present with my former condition for a fortune."

THE WORLD'S FAIR PROGRAMME. Opening Exercises to Be in the Open Air and with Little Ceremony.

CHICAGO, April 15.-Exhibits are coming into the World's Fair grounds faster now than ever before. There were 600 cars in the yards today. The dally average of cars received is 300. Goods are coming so fast there that the restrictions about wide tires on the wagons that enter the grounds had to be removed. The work of unpacking exhibits is being pushed vigorously. That work cannot be done any too fast, for there are only two weeks before the gong will sound and President Cleveland will fermally open the Fair.

the gong will sound and President crossed will fermally open the Fair.

The programme for the opening exercises seems to be generally misunderstood. While it will be strictly an out-of-door event, there are to be no military features, no parade, and no display of troops. The ceremony will be in Jackson Park, the formal part of it from a platform at the east front of the Administration building. The programme is complete, except for the selection of a chaplain to offer the opening prayer. It is as follows:

Music, "Columbia March," by John K. Paine.
Prayer.
Prayenting of the chiefs of the departments by the Director-denieral.

Director-teneral
Chouse "in Praise of God."
Chouse "in Praise of God."
Audress by Fresident Cleveland, formally opening the
Nordia Columbian Exposition.
Starting the machinery, during which will be given
Hanniels Hallelujah" chores
Ometal visit of the President and other invited guests
to the department buildings, where they will be received by the chiefs.

ceived by the chiefs.

It has been arranged that the platform on which the exercises will take place will extend from the last rotunda, where the chorus and orchestra will be stationed, out far enough into the plaza so that the President, speaking from the front, may at least be seen by all the crowd.

The central clock tower in Manufacturers' Hall was completed to-day. It stands in the court between the American, British, German, and French sections, and can be seen from all parts of the great hall.

O'Donoghue's Suicide Causes Pallures Chicago Publishing Houses.

CHICAGO, April 15.-Balf a dozon Chicago publishing houses are said to be trembling on the brink of ruin as the result of the recent suicide of Horace O'Donoghue, the well-known printer. Two failures have already resulted. and others, it is said, will follow in the next few days. O'Donoghue secured accommodafew days. O'Donoghue secured accommoda-tion paper from his customers aggregating upward of \$200,000, and several concerns are being forced to the wall because of inability to meet these notes as they fall due. It is said that when the O'Donoghue estate has been straightened out but few of the cred-itors will suffer, but just now the only thing the publishers can do is to meet the promis-sery notes as they come due, and take their chances on getting full payment out of the es-tate. Failing to do this they are compelled to suspend business.

Invaded Chicago's City Hall.

CHICAGO, April 15 .- A crowd of 300 roughly dressed and loud-talking men crowled into the City Hall this morning, and, marching to the second floor, tramped to the Mayor's office. They demanded to see the Mayor at once. They were street laborers, excited over what they thought was an attempt to defraud them out of their money. They crowded into the Mayor's outer office, and blocked up the lower end of the second floor.

The clerks became alarmed and sent for the police. Before the police arrived a committee was organized and sent to see the Mayor. The committee was informed that the Mayor was not in. After growling around for a while the laborers went away.

The Pair Has Cost Nearly \$17,000,000. CHICAGO, April 15 .- Auditor Ackerman has made a report showing that the building of twice the sum paid for the Paris Exposition, and more must yet be paid out. The snow storms and severe weather necessitated an extra expense of \$12.000. There is at present a cash balance of \$620,300, and \$2,301,203 is due on contracts. the World's Fair has already cost \$10.708,826.

No Trial Yet for the Detroit. New London, April 15.-Another attempt

was made to-day to give the new cruiser De troit her four hours' run, but it also proved a failure because of the mist and rain. This delay is at an expense of nearly \$2,000 per day. The Government will pay it if the trial trip is a success, and the builders if it is a failure. Another trial will be made on Monday. LOSS OF VOICE CURED.

"I used to lose my voice every fall," said Mrs. D. Engelbart of 236 East 34th st. "Phad eatarrh of the head and throat, and the result CHAT HAS EVER BEEN MADE.

THAT HAS EVER BEEN MADE.

Old Guarantee That If You Are Not Cured Your Money is Refunded...A Rock for the Feet of the Skeptical...The Last in perfect condition.



"I am not troubled at all with the symptoms I used to suffer from, and I feel that I shall never again be troubled with howevers to loss of voice. I cannot recommend these physicians too highly. I have had as much satisfaction from them as I would from a specialist who would charge \$500 for his service."

HEART DISEASE CURED.

"It seemed to me all the time as if I was in danger of falling. I was dizzy. Sharp, lancdanger of failing. I was dizze. Sharp, laneinating pains like a knife would run through
me. My heart would beat so bard and fast at
times that it would almost make my ribs sore.
After these attacks it would beat slow and irregularly, and then there would be that terrible feeling of faintness and dizziness like
vertigo, Dark spots would float before my
eyes. My breathing would come short and
fast, and at such times my face would become
very pale."

residing at 5uch times my face would become very pale."

The speaker was Capt. Samuel G. Stoothoff, residing at 544 5th av. Brooklyn, master of the schooner Eliza and liebecta, running along the Southern coast, engaged in general freighting business.

This continued for eighteen months," said he, further. "I got discouraged; felt I would die at any moment. I went to Drs. Copeland and Gardner and was treated by them. I wish to say now that I believe no other physicians could have done for me what they have. I have been cured altogether of my trouble, My heart is as sound and as regular in its action as it ever was. I can breathe well, sleep in any position, and stand any amount of fatigue. I am a new man, and I owe it all to Drs. Copeland and Gardner."

People who do not live in the city, and who cannot visit the office regularly, are given a very satisfactory mail treatment. In fact, some of the results achieved by the mail treatment and as surprising as those effected in the office. The following letter is abundant evidence on this point:

DOCTORS COPELAND AND GARDNER.

GENTLEMEN, My catarrhal trouble existed for twenty years. For the rest five or six years my health gave out entirely. I could not lie in hed at might because of those terrios dia of coughing. I was to sing every day in weight and strength. I was so weak that I could not walk three blocks without resting. Since I have placed investigating the state of the placed investigating the state of the placed investigating the state of the placed investigating the state.

THE SE RATE-LAST NOTICE.

The rate of \$3 a month to all patients and for all diseases will be positively withdrawn after April 30. This rate, does not be positively withdrawn after April 30. This rate, does not be substantially low, was established for a purpose, that purpose the purpose that purpose the purpose that purpose the purpose that purpose that purpose that purpose that purpose that purpose the purpose that purpose the p

The Copeland Medical Institute, 15 West 24th St., New York. W. H. COPELAND, M. D., Consulting E. E. GARDNER, M. D., Physicians. OFFICE HOURS: DAILY, P.A. M. to P. M. Sunuay, P.A. M. to 5 P. M.

ALDERMEN AND RAILROADS.

The Brooklyn Grand Jury Is Going to Pry Into Their Relations Probably. It looks as if the Grand Jury in Brooklyn is going to start an inquiry about the man-

agement of the surface railroads in general and particularly the action of the Board of valuable franchises without any compensation to the city. Rumors of boodle have been in the air for some time, and there have also been direct infimations that the relations be-tween some Aldermen and railroad magnates have been suspiciously confidential. While it could not be definitely learned have been suspiciously confidential.

While it could not be definitely learned whether the Grand Jury was anxious to investigate the numerous recent trolley accidents or acquire some information on the mysterious methods of granting railroad franchises, there is no doubt that all the railroad Prosidents will have to appear before that body this week. Yesterday District Attorney Ridgway sent them all subprenss notifying them to appear before the Grand Jury on Tuesday.

The list includes Daniel F. Lewis of the City company, John N. Partridge of the Brooklyd and Newtown road, Michael Murphy of the Van Brunt and Erie Basin road. Samuel S. Spencer of the Broadway and Jamaica road, and Henry W. Slocum of the Coney Island and Brooklyn road. It is said some Aldermen may be summoned later.

Business Troubles, Mary J. Moorhouse and Marie L. Harrison (Moorhouse & Co.), wholesale grocers at 05 and 67 Ninth avenue, made an assignment yesterday to Henry D. Siedenberg, giving preferences for \$11,058 on notes, some of which were to the order of Mary A. Kattenhorn and others to the order of Uurania D. Secord. The business was formerly carried on by Stephen Moorhouse & Co., who failed in July, 1886, with

Moorhouse & Co., who failed in July, 1886, with liabilities of \$113,000, and since then the businoss has been carried on by the wives of the old partners.

The Sheriff yesterday received executions for \$3,102 against John H. A. and Mary M. Sansom J. & M. Sansom, hearl workers, of 211 East Thirty-third street in favor of Robert Rogers, on two notes which the firm made to the order of the F. J. Kailenberg Company. A year age the firm claimed assets of \$110,000 against liabilities of \$20,000.

The Sheriff yesterday received an execution for \$5.050 against Engene O'Connor, a book auctioner of \$15 proadway, in favor of the trustees of Eva I. Ein for rent of 787 to 789 Broadway up to Nov. I. 1882 Mr. O'Connor, succeeded the old house of George A. Leavitt & (o. in 1883, paring, it was said, about \$30,000 for the business and the use of the firm name. He became involved by endersing notes for others.

Almost Lynched an Innocent Man. TOPEKA, April 15. - The negro Hudson, who so narrowly e-caped lynching at Saline this week because of his alleged outrage of Mrs. Frost, was dismissed by the examining magistrate this morning. Six reputable witnesses swore that he was on a farm several miles from Saline on the night the crime was committed, notwithstanding the fact that Mrs. Frost identified him as her assailant. A Mcseican was arrested at leadity esterday on suspicion of being the guilty person.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE.

THE GREAT PROBLEM

This season has been to give DURABLE, ARTISTIC FURNITURE for very little

money.
The many buyers that throng our Warerooms think we have succeeded. Most of the designs are MARVILS OF BEAUTY, the choicest ever produced. The question new is, will enough of the best be ready in time? Well, to make sure, it is best to select early, as time is important in the manufacture of

FINE FURNITURE.

An examination will repay, even if you are sure nothing is wanting, and then you can wander about at will, as all goods are marked in plain figures at LOW-EST PRICES POSSIBLE.

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

FURNITURE MAKERS,

104, 106, AND 108 WEST 14TH ST.